

25/09/2019









# The cardiovascular predictive value and genetic architecture of T-wave morphology restitution

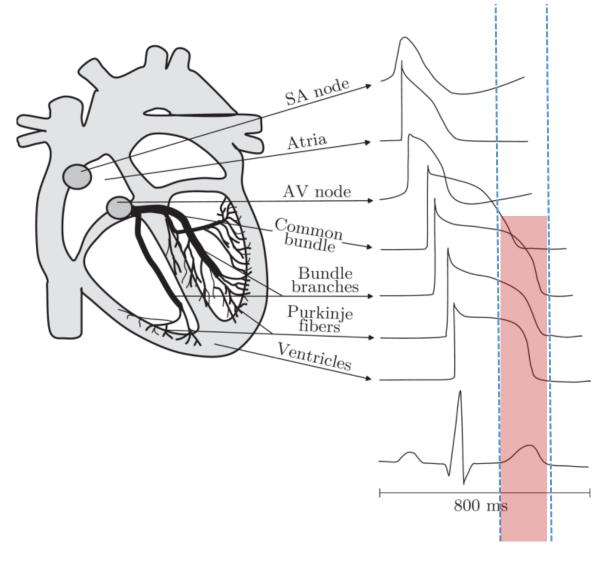
Julia Ramírez, PhD

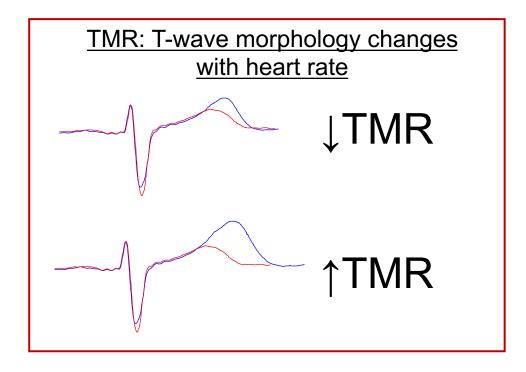
**Electrogenomics Group** 



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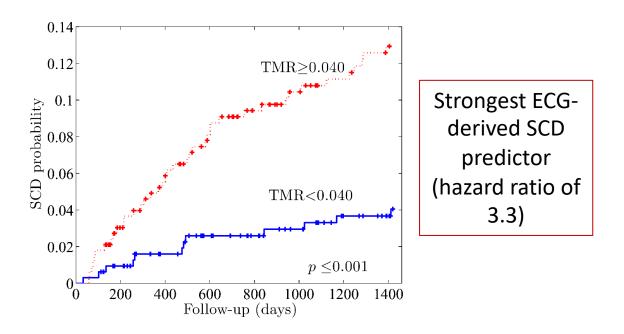
### T-wave Morphology Restitution (TMR)





### T-wave Morphology Restitution

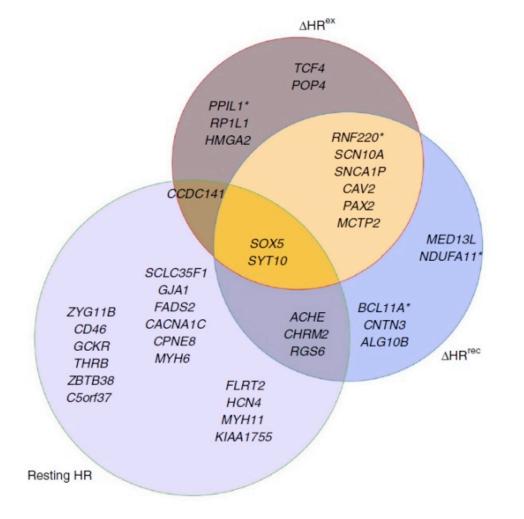
- Original study:
  - 650 CHF consecutive patients
  - 52 SCD victims
  - ECG Holter recordings



• Predictive value in the general population never studied

Ramírez et al. J Am Heart Assoc 2017

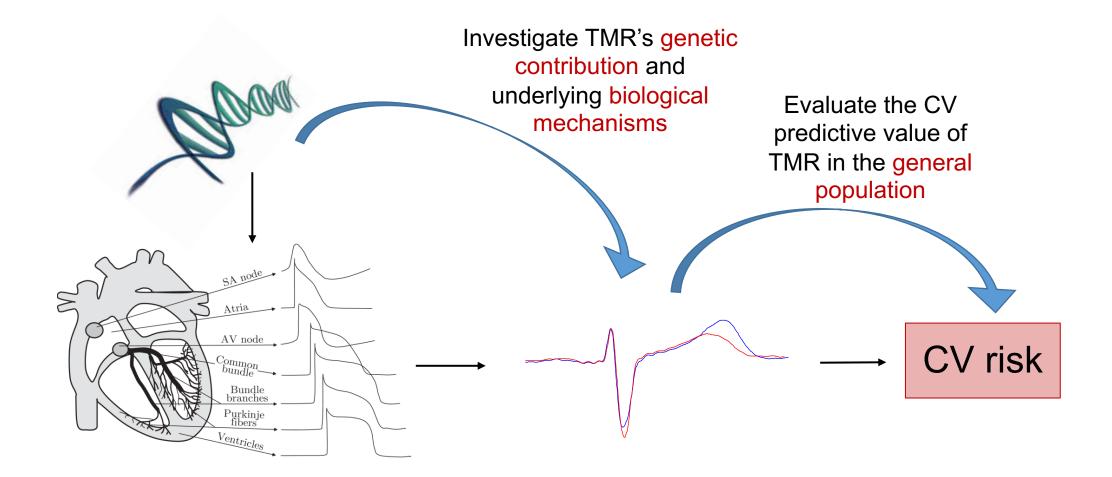
#### Genetics of ECG markers



Ramírez et al. Nat Comms 2018

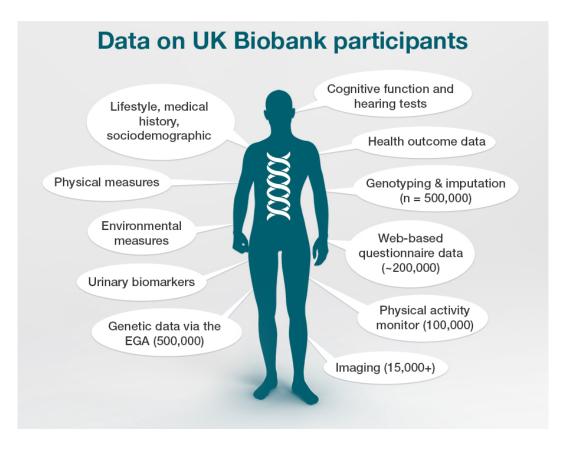
- Resting heart rate is heritable (30%)
- Heart rate response to exercise and heart rate response to recovery are also heritable (17% and 12%, respectively)
- Identified genes module autonomic nervous system
- Resting QT also heritable (28%) and 57 identified genes
- Mechanisms underlying TMR not yet investigated

## Objectives



#### Materials



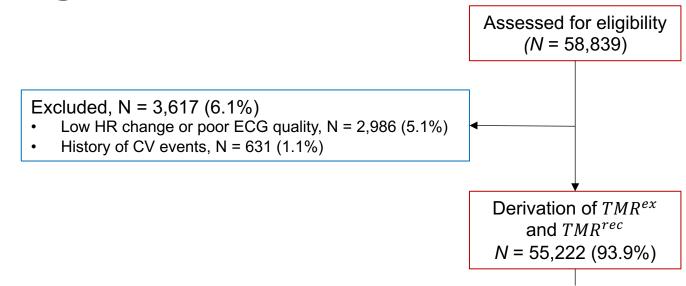


- ~95,000 participants invited for moderate exercise test between 2006-2010
- Raw ECG recordings available in 58,839
- Follow-up still on-going (our data stops in March 2017)

• UK Biobank application number 8256

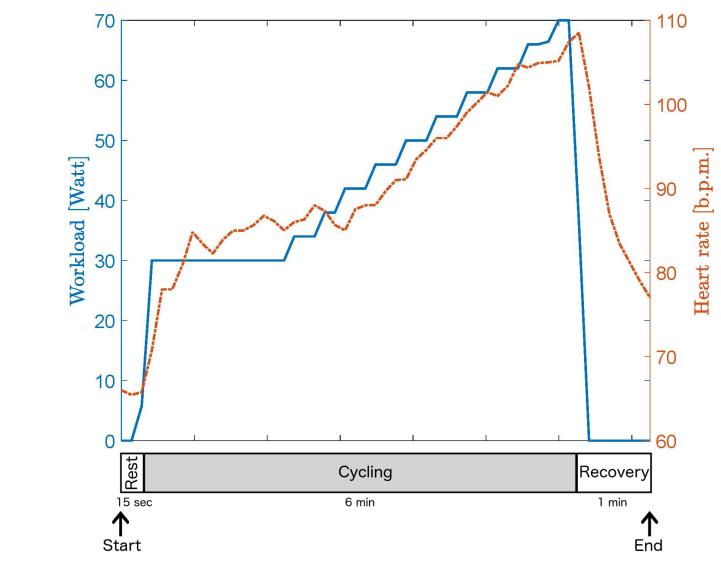
#### Diagram Flow

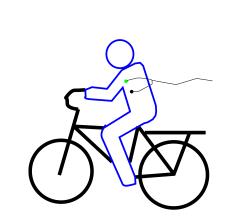
#### EST-UKB cohort



#### Exercise stress test







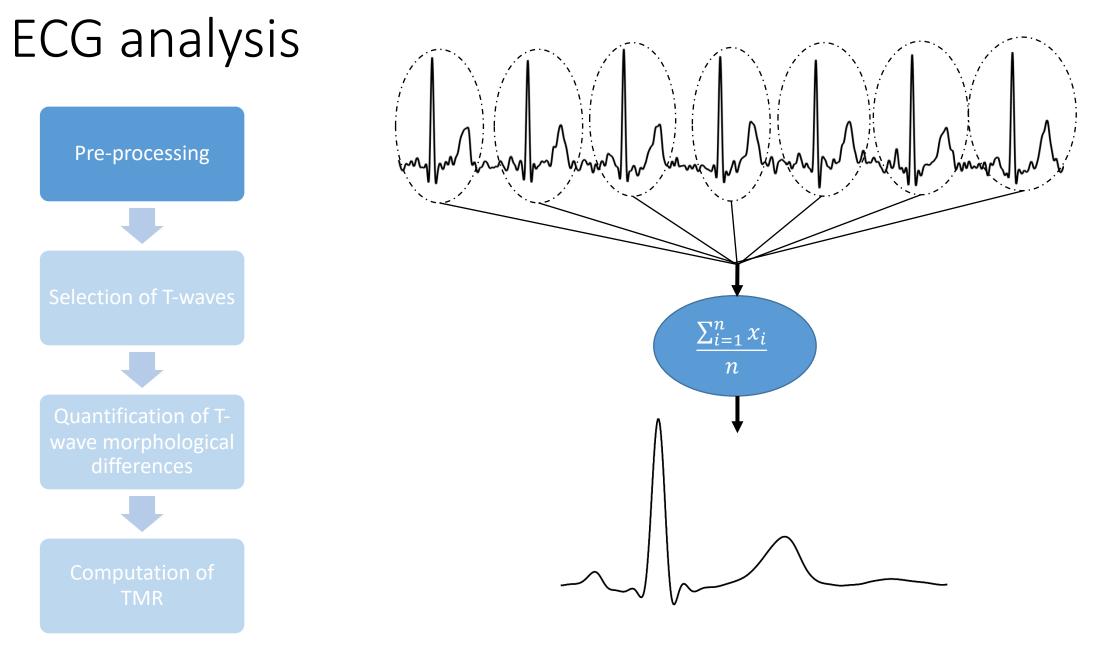
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Pre-processing

Selection of T-waves

Quantification of Twave morphologica differences

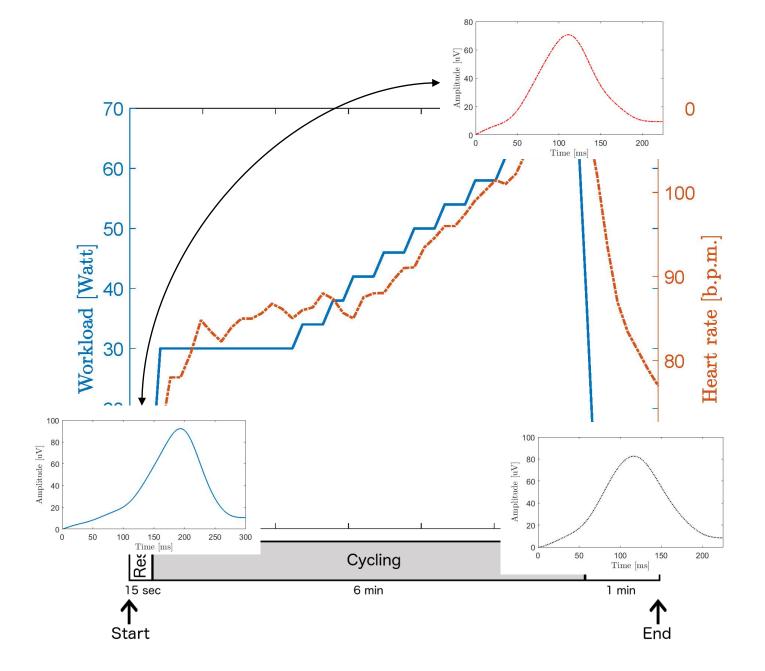
Computation of TMR

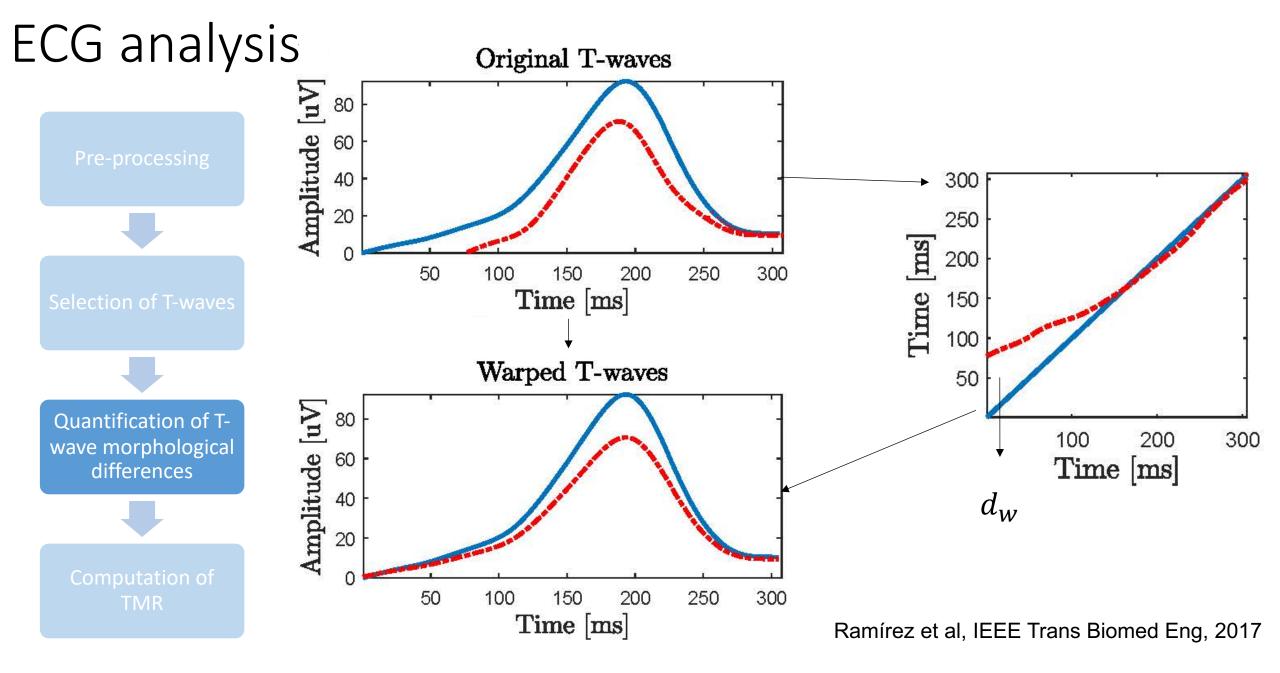


Quantification of Twave morphological differences

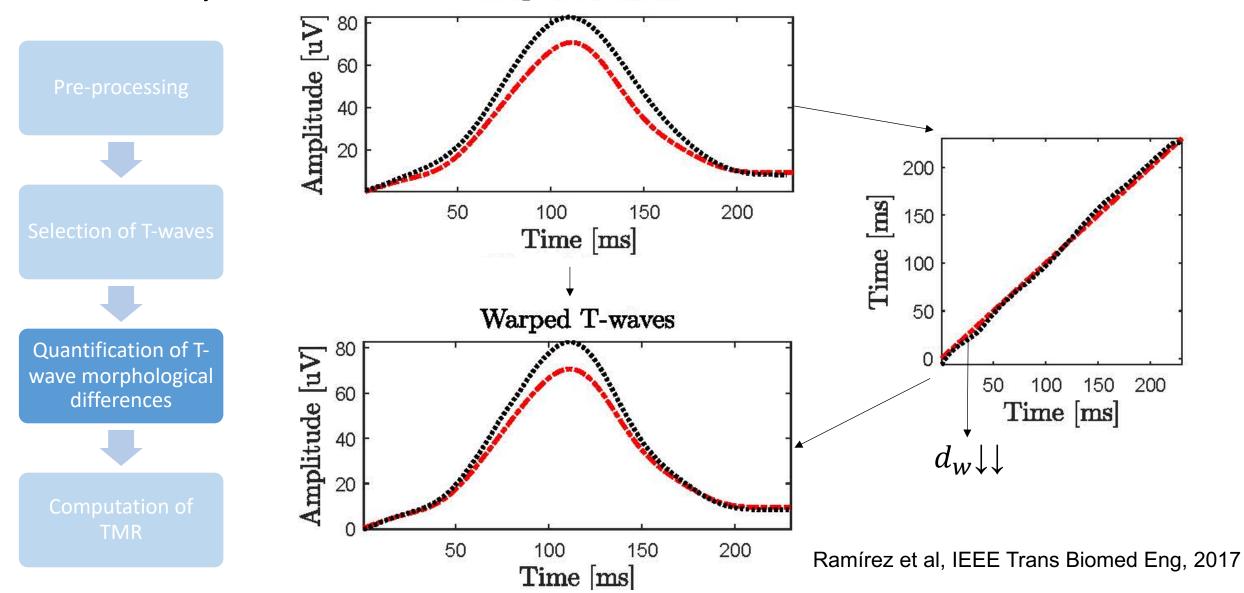
Selection of T-waves

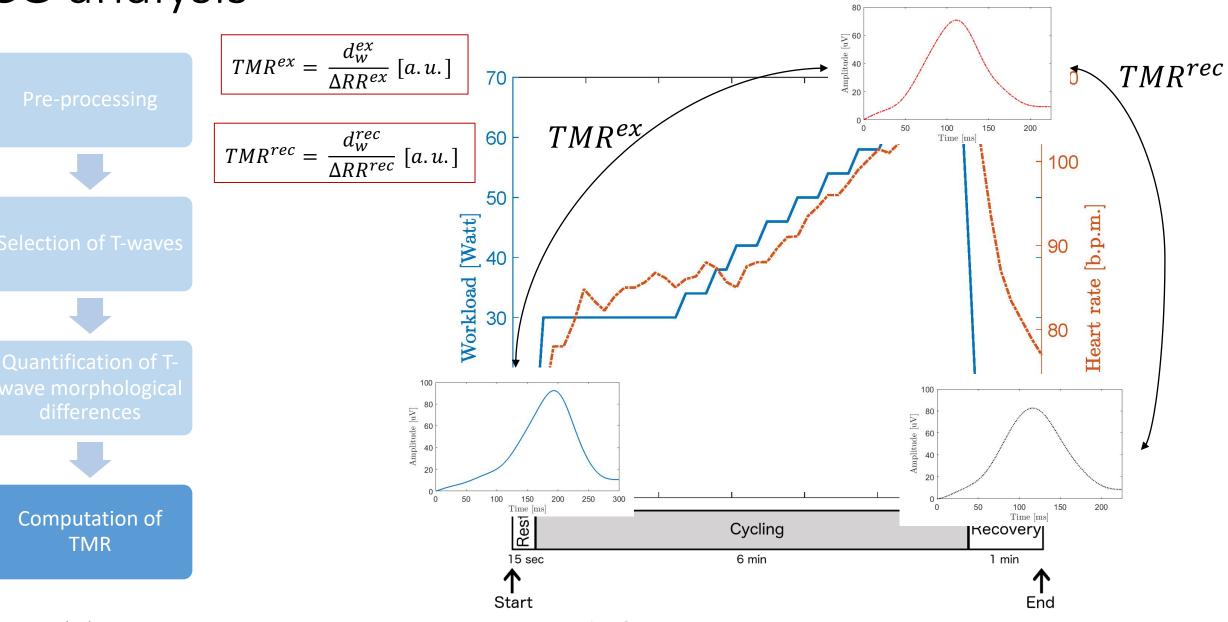
Computation of TMR





**Original** T-waves

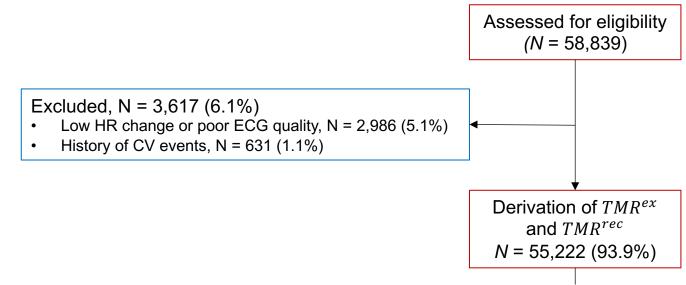




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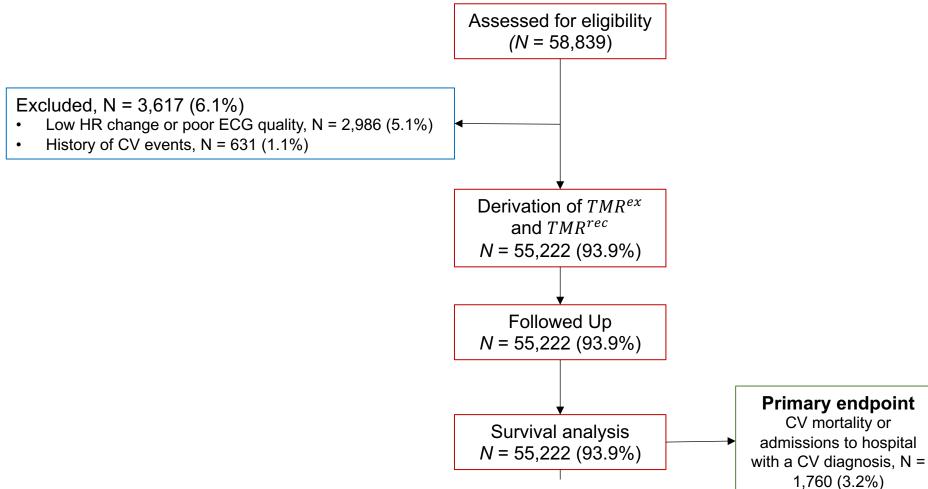
#### Diagram Flow

#### EST-UKB cohort



### Diagram flow

EST-UKB cohort



### Characteristics of the study population

	Cardiovascular events group	Cardiovascular event-free group		
Characteristics	N = 1,760	N = 53,462	P-value	
Median age (IQR), years	62 (9)	58 (13)	2.20E-16	
Males, n(%)	1,253 (71.2)	24,416 (45.7)	2.20E-16	
Diabetes mellitus, n(%)	179 (10.2)	2,126 (4.0)	2.20E-16	Clinical
Median BMI (IQR), kg/m2	27.8 (5.6)	26.4 (5.3)	2.20E-16	- Clinical
Median SBP (IQR), mmHg	142.5 (23)	135 (24)	2.20E-16	
High cholesterol, n(%)	341 (19.4)	5,956 (11.1)	2.20E-16	
Median resting heart rate (IQR), bpm	71.3 (16.7)	70.3 (15.0)	3.50E-04	Π
Median heart rate response to exercise (IQR)	37.0 (15.3)	40.8 (16.5)	2.20E-16	
Median heart rate response to recovery (IQR)	23.7 (12.0)	27.5 (13.0)	2.20E-16	
Median QTc (IQR), ms^-1	399.5 (33.4)	395.6 (30.4)	7.50E-09	ГСС
Median QRS duration (IQR), ms	68 (18)	68 (18)	5.50E-01	- ECG
T-wave inversions, n(%)	8 (0.5%)	82 (0.2%)	9.00E-03	
Median TMR during exercise (IQR), d.u.	0.046 (0.034)	0.043 (0.029)	4.50E-08	
Median TMR during recovery (IQR), d.u.	0.053 (0.060)	0.044 (0.044)	2.20E-16	

#### Cardiovascular events prediction

	Univariate	
	HR (95% CI) p	
Clinical Variables		
Age [per 1 SD]	1.87 (1.77-1.99) <b>&lt;2x10<sup>-16</sup></b>	
Sex (male)	3.00 (2.70-3.34) <b>&lt;2x10</b> <sup>-16</sup>	
Diabetes (yes)	2.72 (2.32-3.20) <b>&lt;2x10</b> <sup>-16</sup>	
High cholesterol (yes)	1.94 (1.72-2.20) <b>&lt;2x10</b> <sup>-16</sup>	
BMI [per 1 SD]	1.28 (1.22-1.33) <b>&lt;2x10<sup>-16</sup></b>	
SBP [per 1 SD]	<u> </u>	
ECG variables		
Resting heart rate [per 1 SD]	1.10 (1.05-1.15) <b>6.7x10<sup>-5</sup></b>	
Heart rate response to exercise [pe SD]	0.70 (0.66-0.74) <2x10	
Heart rate response to recovery [pe SD]	<sup>r 1</sup> 0.74 (0.71-0.76) <b>&lt;2x10<sup>-16</sup></b>	
Corrected QT [per 1 SD]	1.15 (1.10-1.20) <b>8.5x10<sup>-1</sup></b>	
T-wave inversion (yes)	2.78 (1.39-5.56) <b>4.0x10<sup>-3</sup></b>	
TMR during exercise [per 1 SD]	1.17 (1.12-1.21) <b>9.7x10<sup>-1</sup></b>	
TMR during recovery [per 1 SD]	1.23 (1.19-1.28) <b>&lt;2x10</b> <sup>-16</sup>	

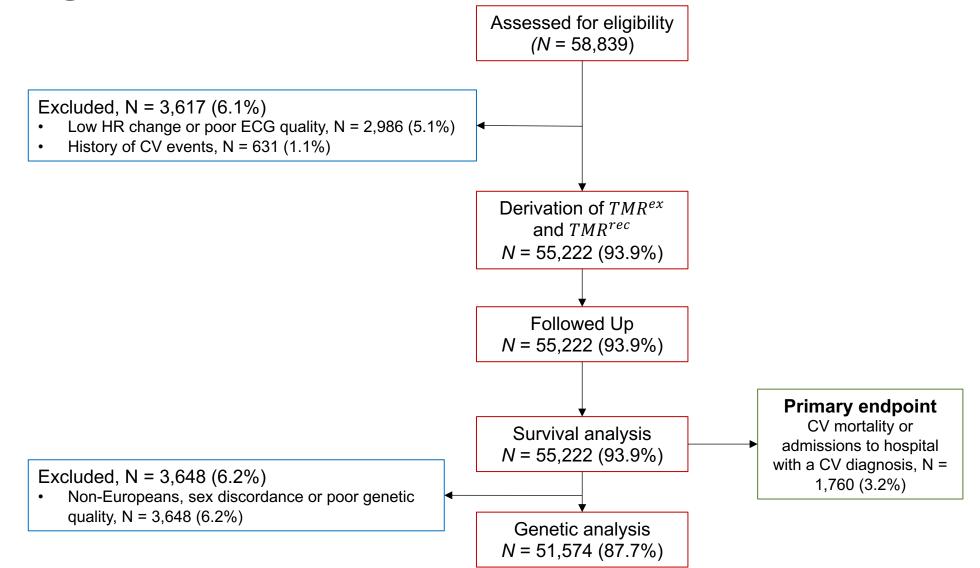
#### Ventricular arrhythmic events prediction

N = 198 (0.4%)

	Univariate		Multivariate	
	HR (95% CI)	р	HR (95% CI)	р
Clinical Variables				
Age [per 1 SD]	1.91 (1.61-2.27)	1.00E-13	1.75 (1.48-2.08)	1.60E-10
Sex (male)	2.37 (1.76-3.20)	1.60E-08	2.20 (1.62-2.97)	3.10E-07
Diabetes (yes)	1.81 (1.05-3.12)	3.30E-02	1.08 (0.62-1.90)	7.80E-01
BMI [per 1 SD]	1.17 (1.03-1.33)	1.70E-02	1.07 (0.92-1.24)	3.70E-01
Hypertensive Stage 1	1.32 (0.84-2.06)	2.20E-01	0.95 (0.61-1.50)	8.40E-01
Hypertensive Stage 2	2.20 (1.55-3.13)	9.70E-06	1.27 (0.88-1.84)	2.00E-01
ECG variables				
HR response to exercise [per 1 SD]	0.73 (0.62-0.85)	6.80E-05	1.08 (0.92-1.26)	3.50E-01
Heart rate response to recovery [per 1 SD]	0.71 (0.65-0.78)	6.60E-14	0.82 (0.69-0.97)	2.10E-02
Corrected QT [per 1 SD]	1.13 (1.03-1.25)	1.10E-02	1.08 (0.96-1.22)	2.00E-01
TMR during exercise [per 1 SD]	1.13 (1.00-1.27)	4.70E-02	0.97 (0.84-1.13)	7.30E-01
TMR during recovery [per 1 SD]	1.28 (1.16-1.41)	1.30E-06	1.16 (1.03-1.30)	1.40E-02

### Diagram flow

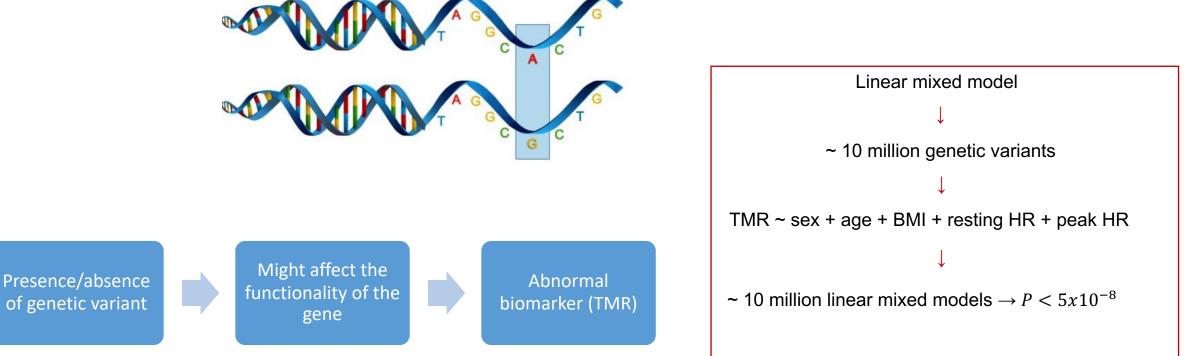
EST-UKB cohort



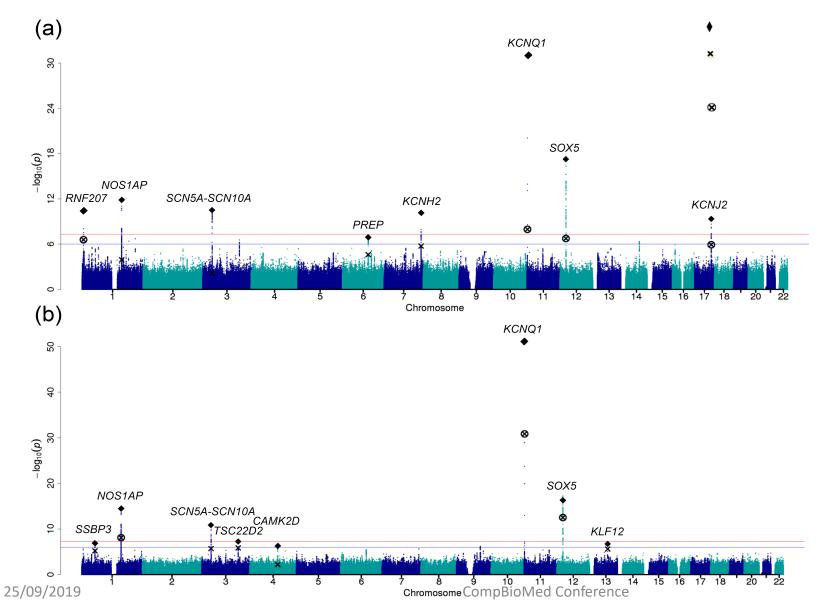
### Genetic analyses



 Genome-wide association study: tests if a genetic variant is found more/less often than expected in individuals with the phenotype of interest



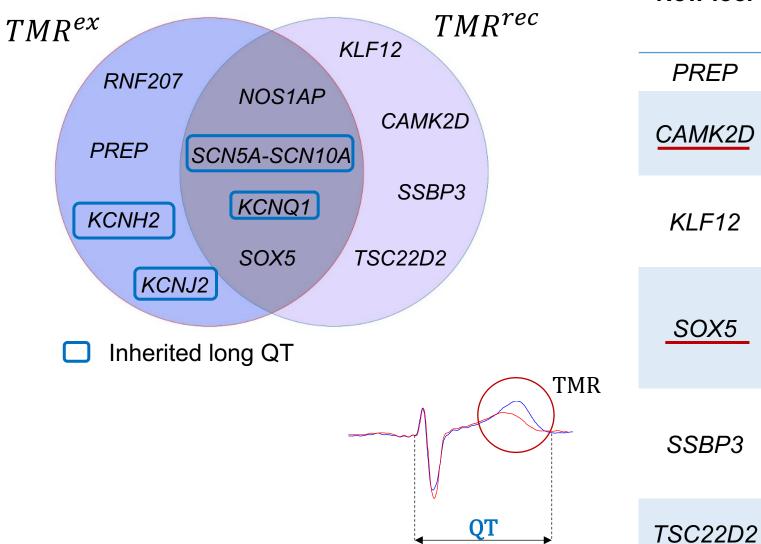
### 12 loci associated with TMR<sup>ex</sup> or TMR<sup>rec</sup>



#### Heritability:

- 3.5% for *TMR<sup>ex</sup>*
- 4.9% for *TMR*<sup>rec</sup>

### Bioinformatics

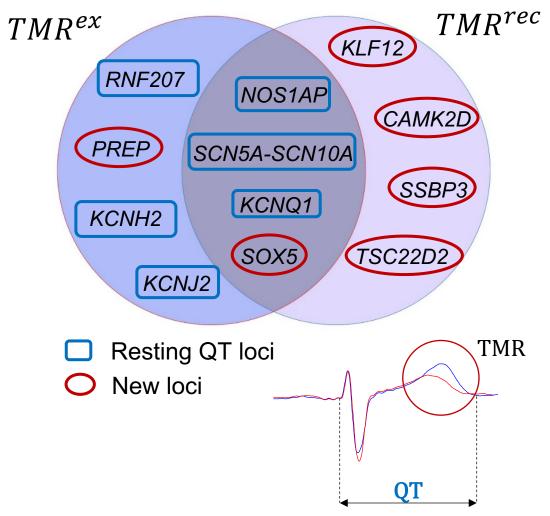


#### **Protein expression** New loci CV Nervous system system PREP $\checkmark$ $\checkmark$ Modulates response to CAMK2D $\checkmark$ $\checkmark$ exercise K<sup>+</sup> Cl<sup>-</sup> Ca<sup>2+</sup> K<sup>+</sup> $\checkmark$ *KLF12* Na⁺ K<sup>+</sup> $\checkmark$ SOX5 Alters atrioventricular conduction SSBP3 $\checkmark$ $\checkmark$

 $\checkmark$ 

K+

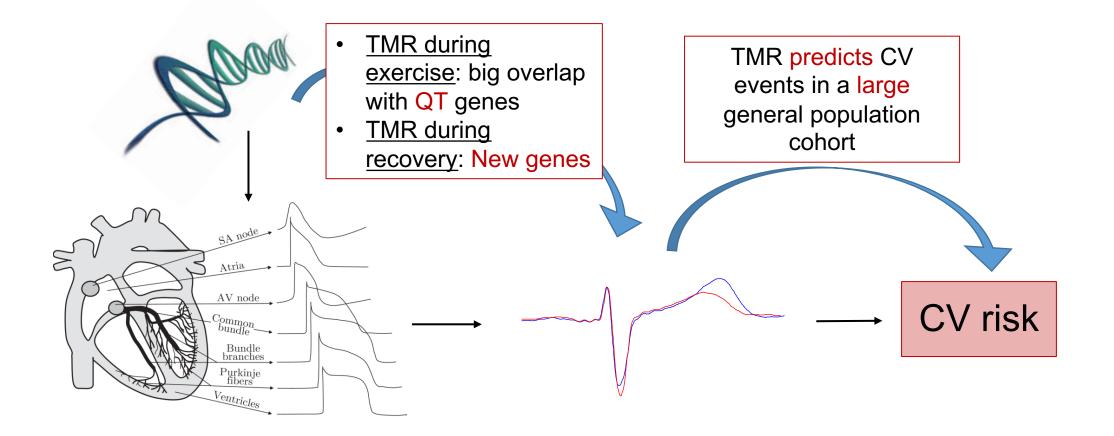
#### **Bioinformatics**



TMR <sup>ex</sup> biological mechanisms	G:Profiler term	P value
Cardiac muscle cell action potential	GO:0086001	4.0E-10
Regulation of ventricular cardiac muscle cell membrane repolarization	GO:0060307	4.7E-10
Ventricular cardiac muscle cell membrane repolarization	GO:0099625	1.1E-9

TMR <sup>rec</sup> biological mechanisms	G:Profiler term	P value
Cardiac muscle cell action potential	GO:0086001	6.6E-8
Regulation of cardiac muscle contraction	GO:0055117	1.2E-7
Regulation of heart rate	GO:0002027	3.8E-7

### Conclusions



Future work: (1) Perform functional work to confirm the novel genes for TMR and (2) investigate the correlation between TMR and intracardiac parameters of ventricular repolarization











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Manuscript just accepted! J Ramírez et al. *The cardiovascular predictive value and genetic basis of ventricular repolarization dynamics*. Circulation: Arrhythmia and Electrophysiology 2019



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